


itle: Traditional socio-cultural systems as models for stability and security in Nigeria

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Abstract: This paper examines the necessity of traditional sociocultural systems for stability and security. It discusses how indigenous values remain strong and are integrated into traditional social institutions. Further, the mixture of traditional and modern values is seen as a way to promote stability and security in Nigerian society. Traditional communities that are on the receiving end of modernization partially reject the imposition of external values, as exemplified in the case of a World Bank governance knowledge system. This system is very important and should be utilized to promote stability, security and development. Factors for stability and security include the African kinship system, extended family networks, and integrity, trust and Harambee model of solidarity in Kenya.