INSTITUTIONAL FACTORS AND TECHNICAL SKILLS ACQUISITION IN SOUTH-WEST NIGERIAN POLYTECHNICS

BY

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DEDICATION

This thesis is dedicated to the Almighty God the Creator and giver of life who perfects all that concern me and also to the entire members of my family.

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Title Page	i
Certification	ii
Authors' Statement	iii
Dedication	iv
Acknowledgements	iv
Table of Contents	v
List of Tables	vi
List of Figures	vii
Abstract	viii
CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION	
Background to the Study	1
Statement of the Problem	6
Theoretical Framework	7
Purpose of the Study	11
Research Questions	12
Research Hypotheses	12
Scope and Delimitations of the Study	13
Significance of the Study	14
Operational Definition of Terms	15

CHAPTER TWO: LITERATURE REVIEW

Polytechnic Education in Nigeria	17
Challenges facing Polytechnics in Nigeria	23
Concept of Technical Skills Acquisition	32
Resource Availability and Technical Skills Acquisition	39
Resource Adequacy and Technical Skills Acquisition	47
Resource Utilization and Technical skills Acquisition	49
Curriculum Contents' Adequacy and Technical Skills Acquisition	51
Summary of the reviewed literature	57
CHAPTER THREE: METHODOLOGY	
Research Design	59
Population of the Study	59
Sample and Sampling Techniques	59
Research Instruments	61
Validity of the Instruments	61
Reliability of the Instruments	61
Procedure for Data Collection	62
Methods of Data Analysis	62

CHAPTER FOUR: DATA ANALYSIS AND DISCUSSION OF FINDINGS

Demographic Characteristics of the Participants	65
Answers to Research Questions	
Research Question One	66
Research Question Two	68
Research Question Three	70
Research Question Four	72
Research Question Five	74
Research Question Six	75
Testing of Hypotheses	
Hypothesis One	79
Hypothesis Two	79
Hypothesis Three	80
Hypothesis Four	81
Hypothesis Five	81
Hypothesis Six	82
Hypothesis Seven	83
Discussion of Findings	83

CHAPTER FIVE: SUMMARY OF FINDINGS, IMPLICATIONS AND CONCLUSION

Summary of Findings	95
Implications of Findings for Policy	97
Implications of Findings for Practice	98
Contributions to Knowledge	99
Suggestions for Further Studies	99
Conclusion	100
References	101
Appendix A	110
Appendix B	117
Appendix C	118
Appendix D	126
Appendix E	141
Appendix F	149

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1. Sampled Polytechnics by Ownership, Location, Population and Participants	s 60
Table 2. Background Data of the Participants in the Study	65
Table 3. Resource Availability and Technical Skills Acquisition	67
Table 4. Resource Adequacy and Technical Skills Acquisition	69
Table 5. Resource Utilization and Technical Skills Acquisition	71
Table 6. Curriculum Contents' Adequacy and Technical Skills Acquisition	73
Table 7. Joint Contribution of Resource Availability, Adequacy and Utilization;	
and Curriculum contents and Technical Skills Acquisition	74
Table 8. ANOVA of the Regression Analysis	75
Table 9. Relative Contribution of Resource Availability Adequacy and Utilization;	
and Curriculum Contents' and Technical Skills Acquisition	76
Table 10. Polytechnic Resource Profile Checklist of Resource Availability Adequacy	7
and Utilization; Curriculum Contents and Technical Skills Acquisition	77
Table 11. Hypotheses Testing on Resource Availability and Technical	
Skills Acquisition	79
Table 12. Hypotheses Testing on Resource Adequacy and Technical skills	
Acquisition	80

Table 13. Hypotheses Testing on Resource Utilization and Technical	
Skills Acquisition	80
Table 14. Hypotheses Testing on Curriculum Contents Adequacy and	
Technical Skills Acquisition	81
Table 15. Differences in Technical Skills Acquisition based on	
Students' Programmes	82
Table 16. Technical Skills Acquisition and Ownership	82
Table 17. Technical Skills Acquisition and Gender	83

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure1. Conceptual Framework of Relationship between Institutional

Factors and Technical Skills Acquisition

10

ABSTRACT

The polytechnics focused on the acquisition of technical skills so as to prepare students for employment or self-reliance. However, many polytechnic graduates appear not to possess the technical skills required in the labour market. To acquire the technical skills required for employment, there should be certain institutional factors (physical and human resources) for such acquisition. This study examined the relationships among resource availability, adequacy, utilization, curriculum contents and technical skills acquisition in selected South-West Nigerian polytechnics. The study was anchored on systems theory. The descriptive survey research design was adopted for the study. The population of the study comprised 5,960 Higher National Diploma (HND) II full time students of the nine sampled polytechnics in South-West Nigeria. Stratified random sampling technique was applied to select 596 students in Mechanical, Civil, Electrical/Electronics and Computer Engineering Departments. The research instruments used for data collection were "Institutional Factors and Technical Skills Acquisition Questionnaire (IFTSAQ)" and "Polytechnics' Resource Profile Checklist (PRPC)". The seven hypotheses postulated for the study were tested at.05 level of significance. Data were analyzed using Pearson Product Moment Correlation, One Way Analysis of Variance, Regression Analysis and Independent t-test. The tested hypotheses showed that there were significant relationships among resource availability, utilization; curriculum content adequacy, gender and technical skills acquisition in the polytechnics, hence, the null hypotheses for those variables were rejected. There were no significant relationships among resource adequacy, students' programmes, institutional ownership and technical skills acquisition; hence, the null hypotheses for those variables were accepted. The study recommended more practical work to complement theories in polytechnics; provision of modern resources and qualified staff for impartation of technical

skills, the curricula of polytechnics should be reviewed to align with labour market's demands and the gap between school and work place should be bridged through Students' Industrial Work Experience Scheme (SIWES).

Keywords: Institutional factors, Technical skills, Learning resources, Polytechnics, Southwest Nigeria.

xiii